

employees to which it applies; and does not cause the total amount of guarantees and loans of all companies in the holding-company system to or for the account of such employee, outstanding at the time of the transaction, to exceed the limits specified in the applicable personnel policy.

(2) The exemption also extends to securities or guarantees incident to bona fide advances to the employee for travel or other reimbursable expenses and current indebtedness of the employee for goods or services sold by the system companies in the ordinary course of business.

(3) Each company intending to avail itself of this exemption subsequent to the effective date of this rule shall file, as an exhibit or as an amendment to the system's annual report on Form U5S, a copy of such personnel policy.

As used in this rule, the term "employee" includes an officer and does not include a director who is not an officer or employee; and the term "guarantee" includes the assumption of an indebtedness or of an obligation to purchase such indebtedness or otherwise to provide a means of payment if the primary obligor fails to pay.

(Secs. 5(b), 9(c) and 14 of the Act, 15 U.S.C. 79e(b), 79i(c) and 79m)

[Rule U, 6 FR 2015, Apr. 19, 1941, as amended at 49 FR 4717, Feb. 8, 1984]

§ 250.49 Certain exemptions granted to non-utility subsidiaries.

(a) *Companies exempted.* The exemptions provided by this section shall apply to any subsidiary of a registered holding company which subsidiary is not:

- (1) A holding company,
- (2) A public utility company,
- (3) A company engaged in the business of performing services or construction for or selling goods to associate holding or public utility companies, or
- (4) A company controlling, directly or indirectly, any company specified in paragraphs (a) (1) to (3) of this section.

(b) *Exemptions from sections 6(a) and 12(c).* Any such subsidiary company shall be exempt from the provisions of section 6(a) of the Act (49 Stat. 814; 15 U.S.C. 79f) with respect to the issuance or sale of any securities to the vendor

of supplies or equipment for use in the business of such subsidiary company, and from the provisions of any rule under section 12(c) of the Act with respect to the acquisition, redemption or retirement of any such securities.

(c) *Transactions approved by a reorganization court.* Any such subsidiary company which is the subject of a proceeding for reorganization in any court of the United States in which proceeding the Commission has filed a notice of appearance pursuant to section 1109(a) of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. 1109(a)) or which is a subsidiary within the meaning of section 2(a)(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act (49 Stat. 804; 15 U.S.C. 79b), of any such subsidiary company which is the subject of such a proceeding, shall be exempt from any provision of the act applicable to the appointment of any trustee for such company or to any transaction entered into with the approval (direct or indirect) of such court: *Provided*, That such transaction does not involve the acquisition of any utility assets or securities of any public utility or holding company; *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall be inapplicable to any subsidiary company which is the subject of reorganization proceedings (or any subsidiary of such subsidiary company within the meaning of section 2(a)(8) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act), where such subsidiary company, or any subsidiary thereof, is the issuer of any securities, or is the obligor on any obligations, which have been guaranteed or assumed by any registered holding company.

(d) *Exemption from section 9(a).* (1) Any such subsidiary company primarily engaged in the production of natural gas or crude oil or sulphur, or in two or more of such businesses, shall be exempt from section 9(a) of the Act (49 Stat. 817; 15 U.S.C. 79i) with respect to the acquisition, from a person other than an associate or an affiliate of the acquiring company or an affiliate of an associate company, of gas leases, oil leases, or other production leases, in connection with the business in which such subsidiary is so engaged: *Provided, however*, That the exemption provided by this paragraph shall not be applicable if such acquisition is part of a

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transaction which involves the filing of an application or declaration with the Commission by such subsidiary company.

(2) Any such subsidiary company which is subject to regulation as a water, telephone, common carrier or other public service company, under the laws of the State in which it operates, shall be exempt from section 9(a) of the Act with respect to any acquisition expressly authorized by the State commission of such State provided that such acquisition does not include utility assets, securities of a public utility or holding company, or any other interest in any class of business other than that in which such public service company is engaged.

[Rule U, 6 FR 2015, Apr. 19, 1941, as amended at 12 FR 1649, Mar. 11, 1947; 59 FR 21928, Apr. 28, 1994]

§ 250.50 [Reserved]

§ 250.51 Acquisitions pursuant to preliminary agreements and invitation for tenders.

For the purpose of section 9(a) of the Act, the term “acquire” is defined to include the making of a contract or agreement (herein called Preliminary Agreement) pursuant to which a person subject to section 9(a) (of the Act) (herein called the Proposed Acquirer) contingently or otherwise acquires any right or becomes subject to any obligation to acquire directly or indirectly any securities or utility assets or any other interest in any business, or to direct any other person to make any sale or acquisition of any securities or utility assets or any other interest in any business. Except where an exemption from section 9(a) (of the Act) may be applicable, the making of such Preliminary Agreement or the taking of any action in connection therewith, without prior approval of the Commission, by any person so subject to section 9(a) (of the Act) shall be deemed unlawful, unless all of the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) The transaction contemplated by the Preliminary Agreement is expressly conditioned on Commission approval and the application for such approval is filed with the Commission as soon as practicable.

(b) No standby, option, or similar fee is paid or payable by or on behalf of the Proposed Acquirer as consideration for the Preliminary Agreement.

(c) The Proposed Acquirer does not indemnify or agree to indemnify any person against any market or investment risk in connection with such person's acquisition, retention or disposition of the subject matter of the proposed acquisition.

(d) The Proposed Acquirer does not transfer to any person (other than a subsidiary or successor in interest by merger or consolidation), by way of assignment or otherwise, any of its rights or interests in respect of the subject matter of the proposed acquisition unless such transfer is conditioned upon consummation of the Preliminary Agreement following its approval by the Commission.

(e) In case a proposed transaction includes an acquisition of securities pursuant to an invitation for tenders to be made prior to the approval of such acquisition, provision shall be made that any person tendering such securities (the Tenderer) may demand in writing the return of any deposited securities at any time after 60 days from the initial mailing or publication of the invitation for tenders unless prior to the receipt of such demand either (1) the proposed acquisition has been approved by the Commission and the Proposed Acquirer is obligated to consummate the transaction or (2) the Tenderer has been issued a transferable certificate of deposit which meets the conditions specified in paragraph (f) of this section.

(f) A transferable certificate of deposit for purposes of paragraph (e) of this section may be issued in exchange for tendered securities subject to the following conditions:

(1) The terms of the certificate of deposit as proposed to be issued are specified in the invitations for tenders, including equitable provisions for return of the tendered securities in the event the proposed transaction is not approved by the Commission or otherwise fails of consummation, for exercise of voting rights and for receipt of dividends or interest by the Tenderer during the deposit period.